## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A seed of cotton cultivar designated 02X71R, wherein a representative sample of seed of said cultivar was deposited under ATCC Accession No. PTA-——— No. PTA-7139.
- 2. (ORIGINAL) A cotton plant, or a part thereof, produced by growing the seed of claim 1.
- 3. (ORIGINAL) A tissue culture of regenerable cells produced from the plant of claim 2.
- 4. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A protoplast produced from the tissue culture of claim 3.
- 5. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The tissue culture of claim 3, wherein cells of the tissue culture are produced from a plant part selected from the group consisting of leaf, pollen, embryo, root, root tip, anther, pistil, flower, seed, boll and stem.
- 6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A cotton plant regenerated from the tissue culture of claim 3, said plant having all the morphological and physiological characteristics of cultivar 02X71R, representative sample of seed of said cultivar having been deposited under ATCC Accession No. PTA-\_\_\_\_\_\_ No. PTA-7139.
- 7. (ORIGINAL) A method for producing an F1 hybrid cotton seed, comprising crossing the plant of claim 2 with a different cotton plant and harvesting the resultant F1 hybrid cotton seed.
  - 8. 10. (CANCELED)
- 11. (ORIGINAL) A method for producing a male sterile cotton plant comprising transforming the cotton plant of claim 2 with a nucleic acid molecule that confers male sterility.
  - 12. (ORIGINAL) A male sterile cotton plant produced by the method of claim 11.
- 13. (ORIGINAL) A method of producing an herbicide resistant cotton plant comprising transforming the cotton plant of claim 2 with a transgene that confers

herbicide resistance.

- 14. (ORIGINAL) An herbicide resistant cotton plant produced by the method of claim 13.
- 15. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The cotton plant of claim 14, wherein the transgene confers resistance to an herbicide selected from the group consisting of imidazolinone, sulfonylurea, glyphosate, glufosinate, L-phosphinothricin, triazine and benzonitrile.
- 16. (ORIGINAL) A method of producing an insect resistant cotton plant comprising transforming the cotton plant of claim 2 with a transgene that confers insect resistance.
- 17. (ORIGINAL) An insect resistant cotton plant produced by the method of claim 16.
- 18. (ORIGINAL) The cotton plant of claim 17, wherein the transgene encodes a *Bacillus thuringiensis* endotoxin.
- 19. (ORIGINAL) A method of producing a disease resistant cotton plant comprising transforming the cotton plant of claim 2 with a transgene that confers disease resistance.
- 20. (ORIGINAL) A disease resistant cotton plant produced by the method of claim 19.
- 21. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of producing a cotton plant with modified fatty acid metabolism or modified carbohydrate metabolism comprising transforming the cotton plant of claim 2 with a transgene encoding a protein selected from the group consisting of fructosyltransferase, levansucrase, alpha-amylase, invertase and starch branching enzyme or encoding an antisense of stearoyl–ACP desaturase.
  - 22. (ORIGINAL) A cotton plant produced by the method of claim 21.
- 23. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A cotton plant, or part thereof, having all the physiological and morphological characteristics of cultivar 02X71R, representative sample of seed of said cultivar having been deposited under ATCC Accession No. PTA-

## \_\_\_\_\_ No. PTA-7139.

- 24. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of introducing a desired trait into cotton cultivar 02X71R comprising:
  - (a) crossing 02X71R plants grown from 02X71R seed, representative sample of seed of which has been deposited under ATCC Accession No. PTA-\_\_\_\_\_\_ No. PTA-7139, with plants of another Gossypium hirsutum cultivar that comprise a desired trait to produce progeny plants, wherein the desired trait is selected from the group consisting of male sterility, herbicide resistance, insect resistance and disease resistance:
  - (b) selecting one or more progeny plants that have the desired trait to produce selected progeny plants;
  - (c) crossing the selected progeny plants with the 02X71R plants to produce backcross progeny plants;
  - (d) selecting for backcross progeny plants that have the desired trait and physiological and morphological characteristics of cotton cultivar 02X71R listed in Table 1 to produce selected backcross progeny plants; and
  - (e) repeating steps (c) and (d) three or more times in succession to produce selected fourth or higher backcross progeny plants that comprise the desired trait and all of the physiological and morphological characteristics of cotton cultivar 02X71R listed in Table 1 as determined at the 5% significance level when grown in the same environmental conditions.
- 25. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A plant produced by the method of claim 24, wherein the plant has the desired trait and all of the physiological and morphological characteristics of cotton cultivar 02X71R listed in Table 1 as determined at the 5% significance level when grown in the same environmental conditions.
  - 26. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The plant of claim 25 wherein the desired

trait is herbicide resistance and the resistance is conferred to an herbicide selected from the group consisting of imidazolinone, sulfonylurea, glyphosate, glufosinate, L-phosphinothricin, triazine and benzonitrile.

- 27. (ORIGINAL) The plant of claim 25 wherein the desired trait is insect resistance and the insect resistance is conferred by a transgene encoding a *Bacillus* thuringiensis endotoxin.
- 28. (ORIGINAL) The plant of claim 25 wherein the desired trait is male sterility and the trait is conferred by a cytoplasmic nucleic acid molecule that confers male sterility.